

# 19<sup>th</sup> Seminar of Track Management STRAHOS 2022

## Geometry change in switch frogs

**Suwitcha Kanteewong**

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**STRAHOS 2022**  
19<sup>th</sup> Seminar of Track Management  
13 and 14 October 2022, Poprad, Slovakia

Project  
'Special Session and Workshop  
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# Introduction

## ■ Characteristic of the switch frog

- Geometry change → Strain change ( $\sigma = f(F, A_{\text{contact}})$ )

→ Service life  $\uparrow \sim \frac{\text{Resilience (material)} \uparrow}{\text{Strain (geometry)} \downarrow}$

- Profile - Individual progress
- Form change → Deformation/Wear

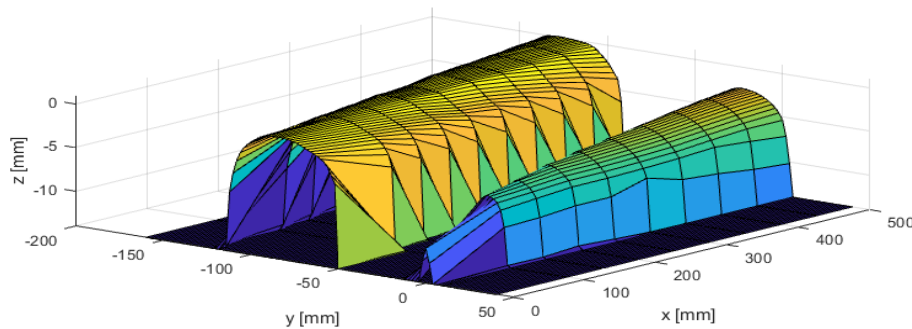


Figure 1: 3D-Modell [Kluge, F.]

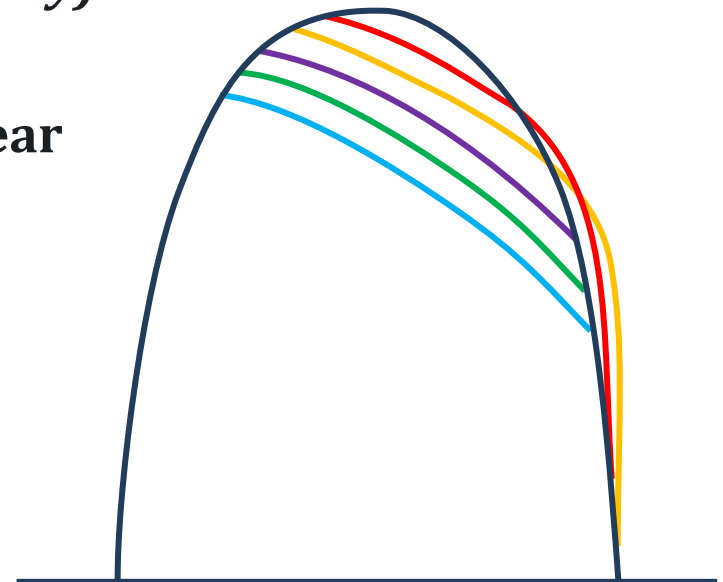


Figure 2: Deformation/Wear



# Introduction

- **Switch frog geometry**
  - **Top view**

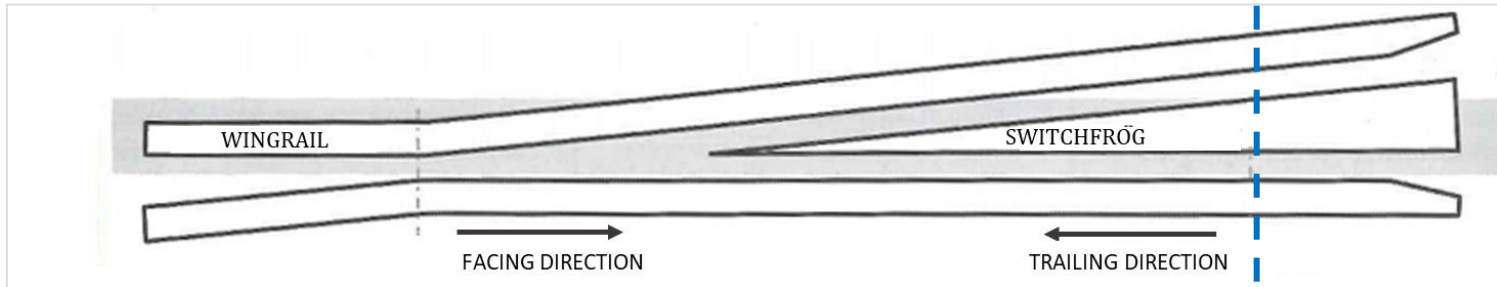


Figure 3: Top view [1]

- **Cross section**

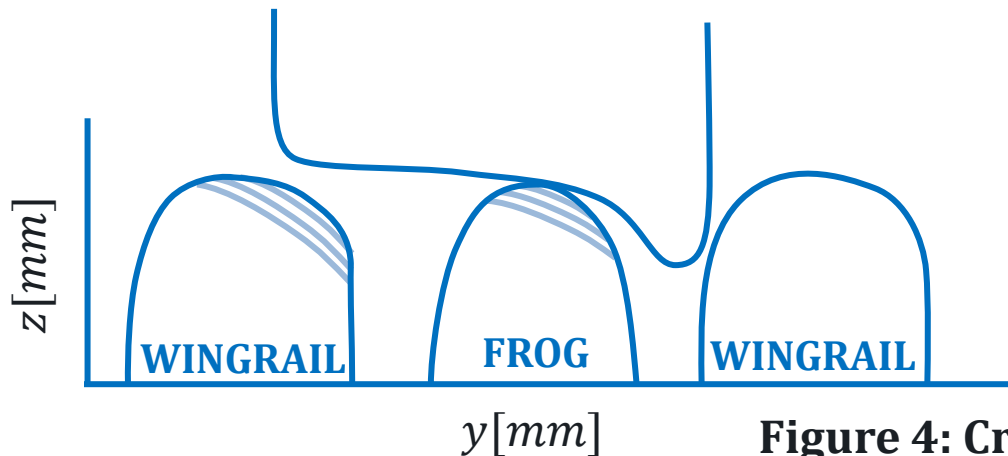


Figure 4: Cross section



# Change of the service life

- Service life  $\uparrow \sim \frac{\text{Resilience (material)} \uparrow}{\text{Strain (geometry)} \downarrow}$

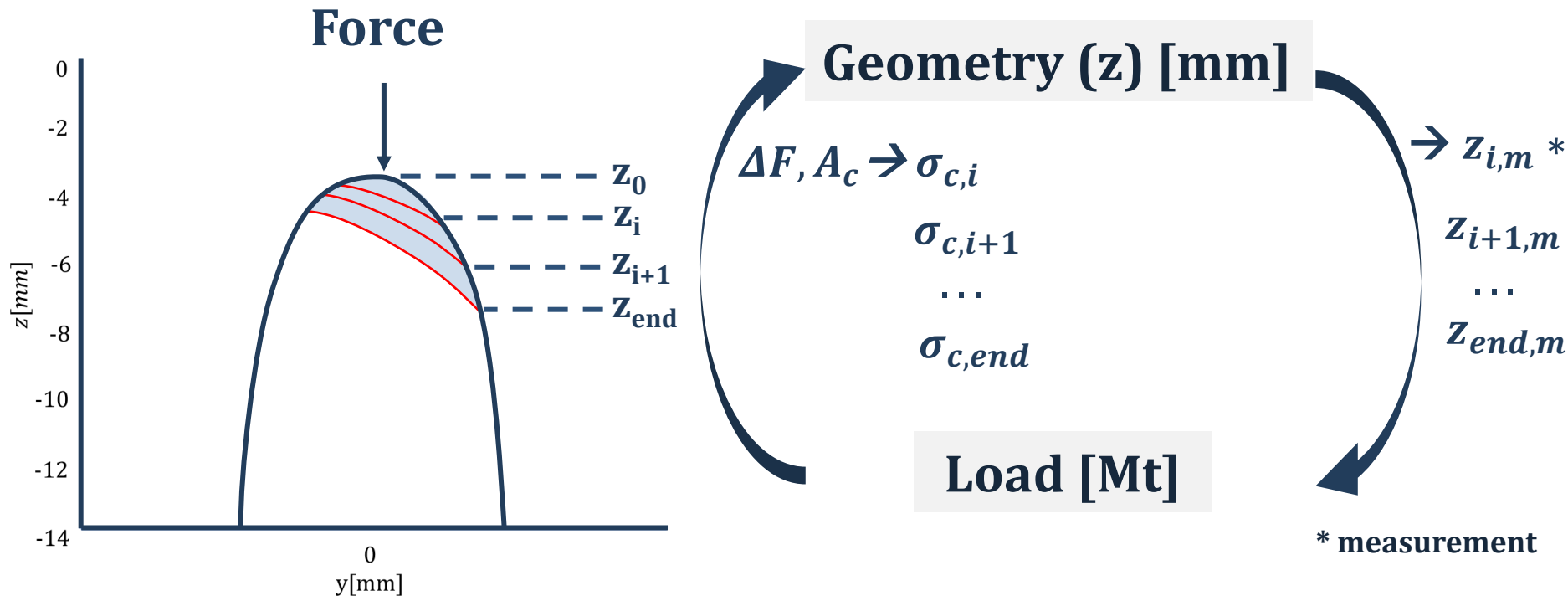


Figure 5: Relation between geometry and service life



# Determination of the switch frog geometry

- 1) Determination of the vertical area  
→  $A_w \uparrow = f(F \uparrow, \Delta z \uparrow)$
- 2) Derivation of the contour from wear area  
→  $\text{Contour}(z) = f(A_w, x)$

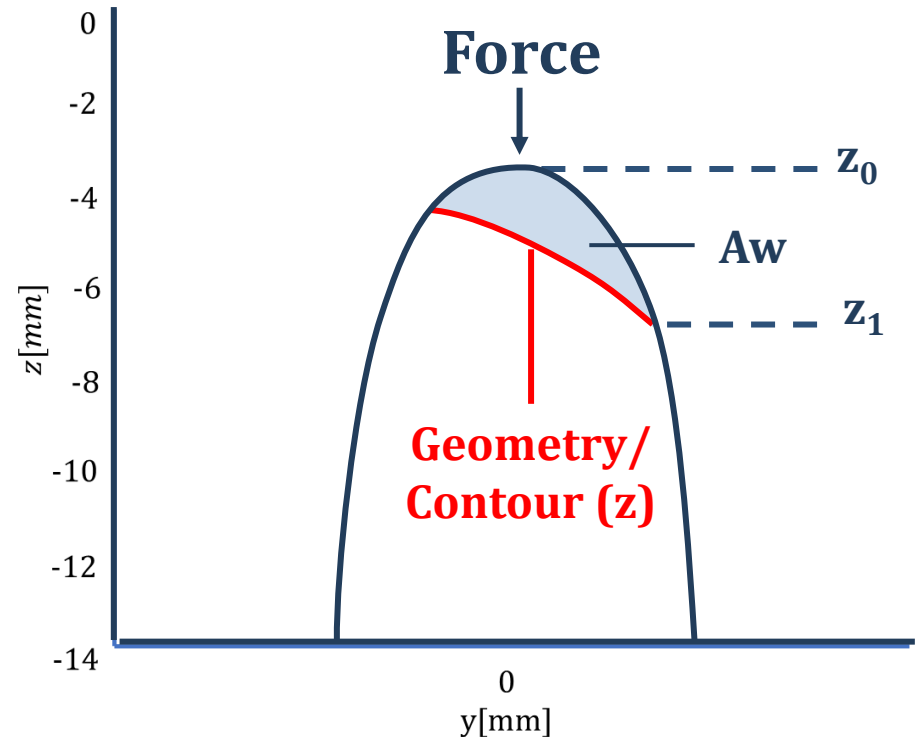


Figure 6: Contour (z)



# Determination of the switch frog geometry

- 2)  $\text{Contour}(z) = f(A_w, \mathbf{x})$

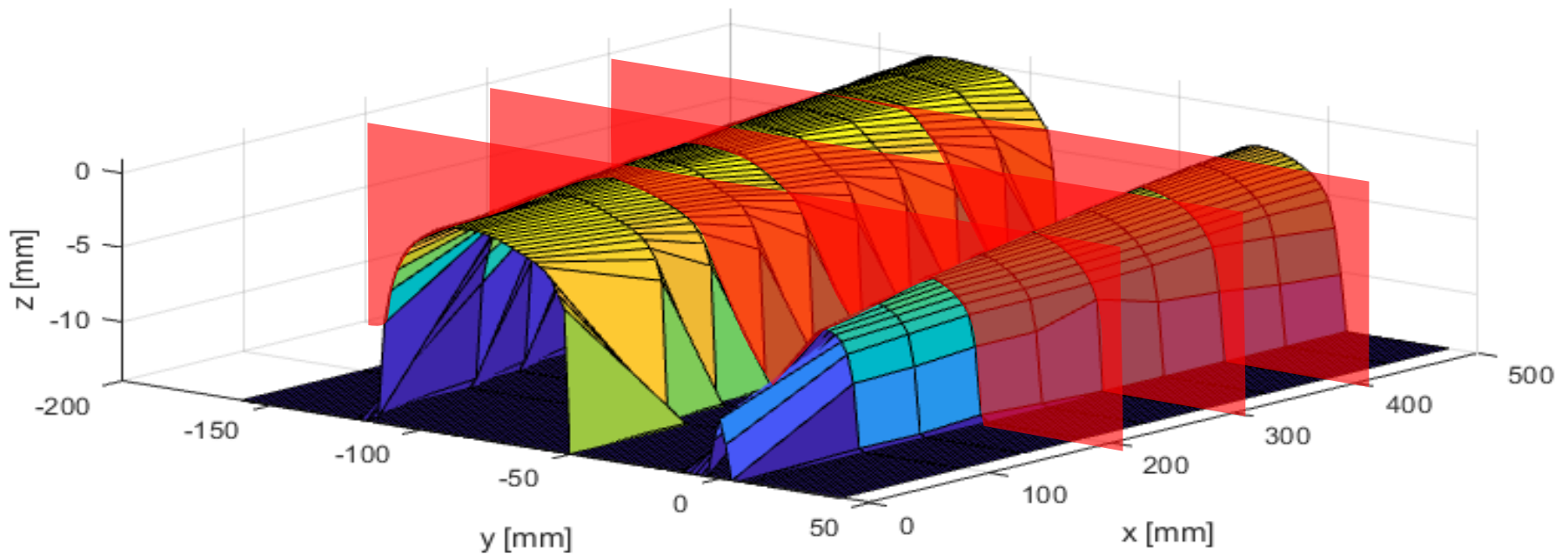


Figure 7: 3D-Modell [Kluge, F.]



# Determination of the switch frog geometry

- 2) Contour(z) = f(A<sub>w</sub>, x=200 mm)

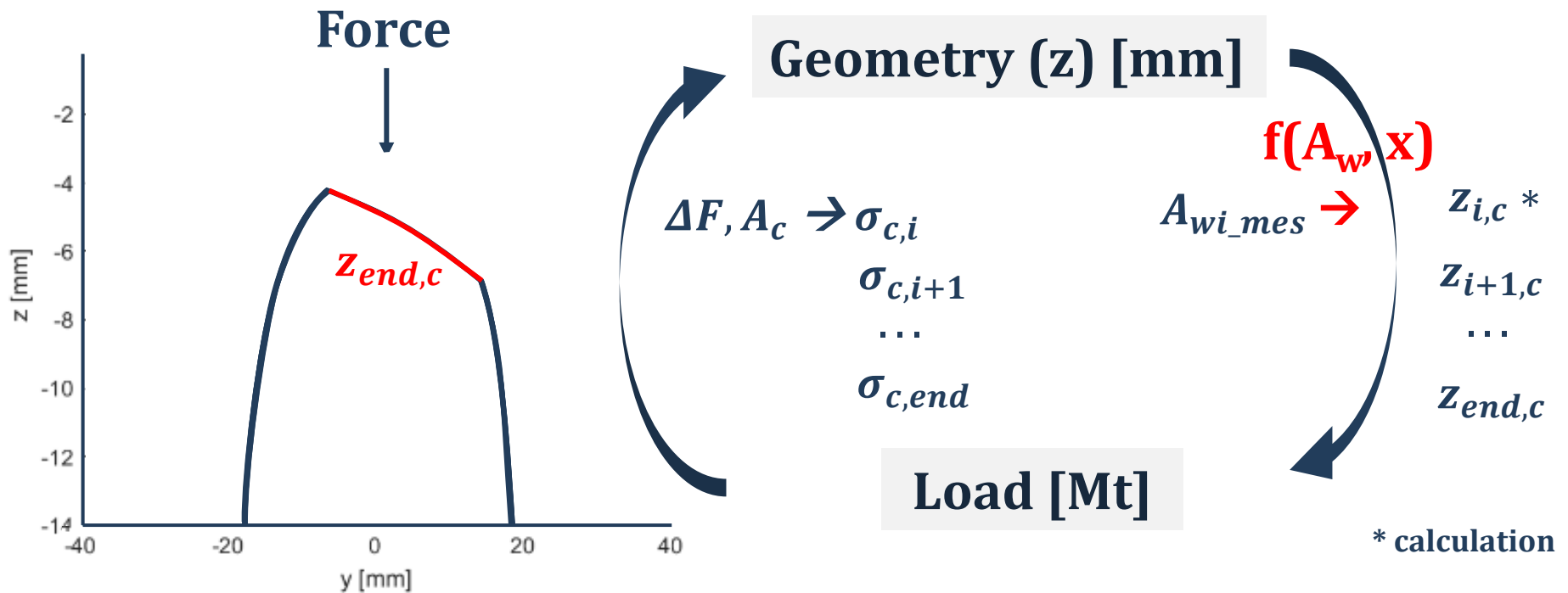


Figure 8: Determination of the frog geometry

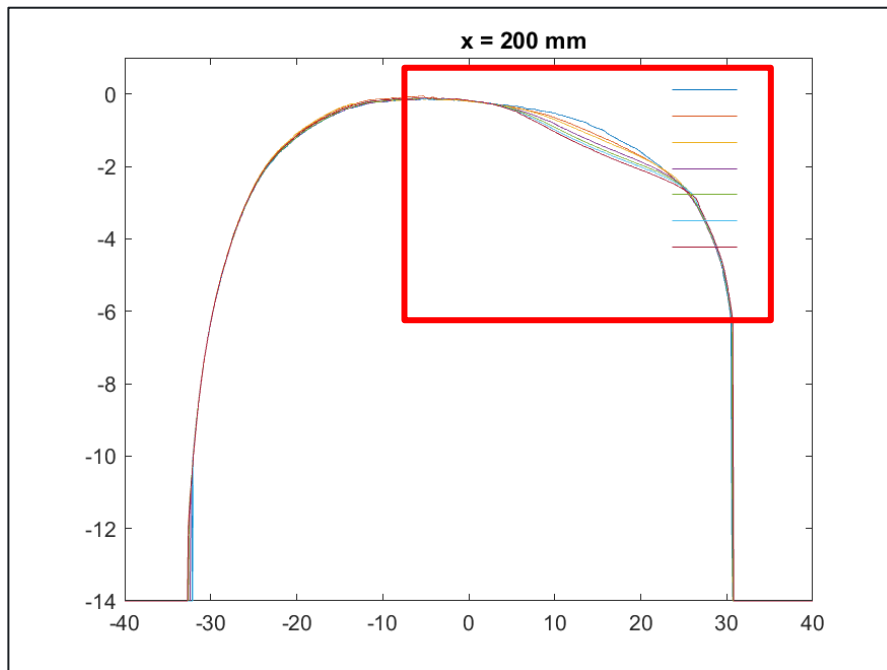




# Determination of the switch frog geometry

- 3) The comparison of the measured and calculated geometry

Measured geometry



Calculated geometry

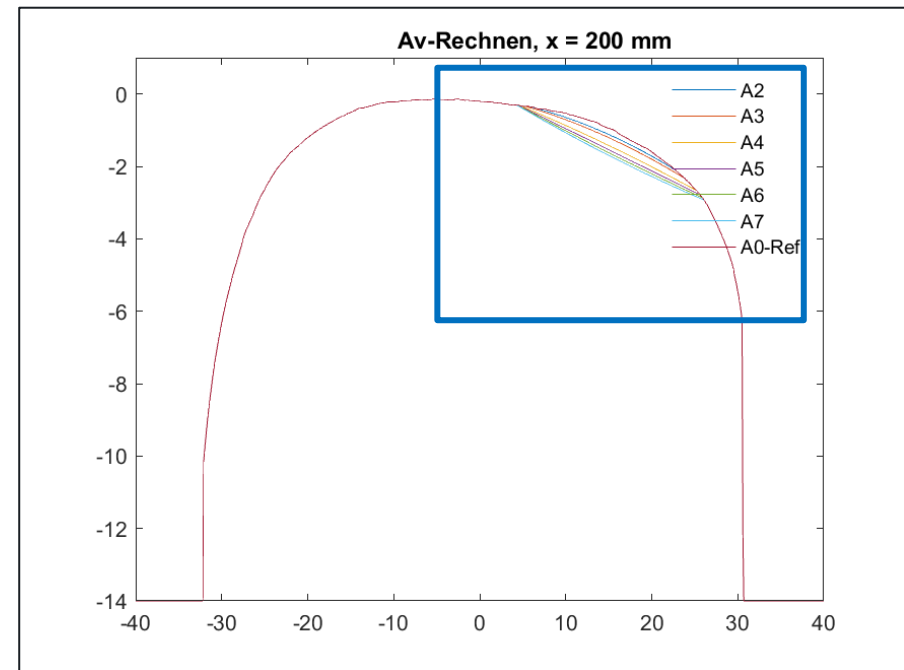


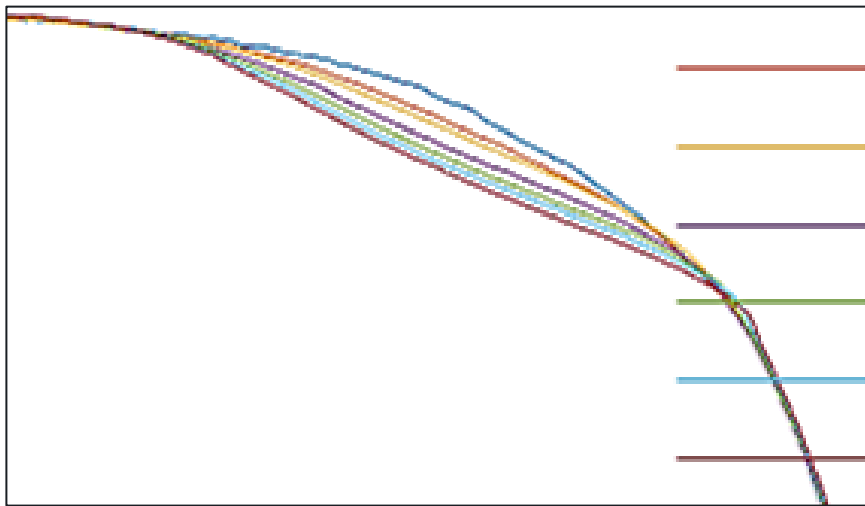
Figure 9: The comparison of the measured and calculated geometry



# Determination of the switch frog geometry

- 3) The comparison of the measured and calculated geometry

Measured geometry



Calculated geometry

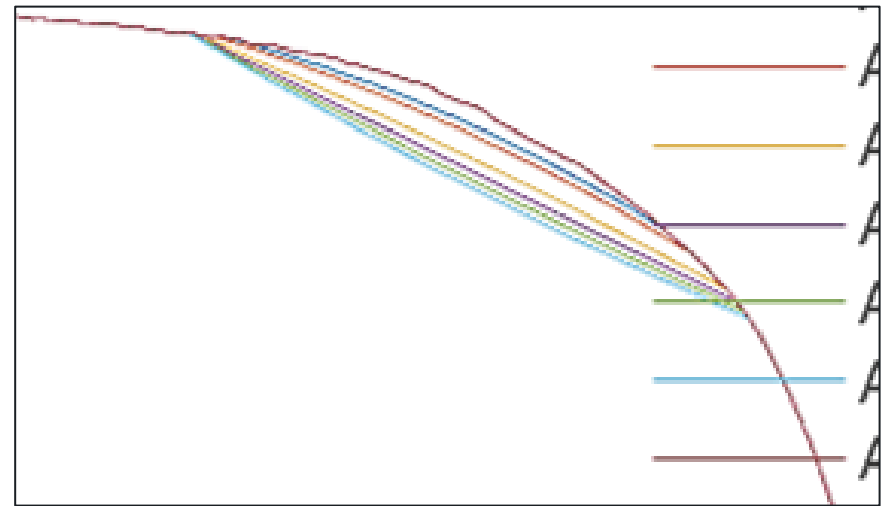


Figure 10: The comparison of the measured and calculated geometry 2



# Conclusions

- Initial geometry of the switch frog
  - Individual progress  $\rightarrow$  Geometry/ Wear Area
  - Service  $\uparrow \sim \frac{\text{Resilience (material)} \uparrow}{\text{Strain (geometry)} \downarrow}$
- Determination of the switch frog geometry
  - 1) Vertical area  $\rightarrow A_W = f(F, \Delta z)$
  - 2) Contour(z) = f( $A_W$ , x)  $\rightarrow$  Geometry change
  - 3) Improve the calculated geometry  $\rightarrow$  the measured geometry.



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# References

- [1] Gerber, U.; Fengler, W.: Belastung von Weichen mit starrer Herzstückspitze. ZEV Rail - Glasers Annalen 131: Berlin; 2007, Mai: S.202-214.

